



315 Jespersen Avenue
Spruce Grove, AB T7X 3E8

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Business Hours
8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. (Mon - Fri)

Development Permit Decision

Application: **PLDPNR202300489**

Date: August 21, 2023

Mike Cedro
10418 81 Ave #304
Edmonton, AB T6E 1X5

Project Information

Civic Address: 1 420 KING ST, SPRUCE GROVE, AB T7X 2C6;
Legal: 0728131;3
Project Type: Development Permit - Non-Residential
Project Details: To locate a child care facility into the existing space

Status: **Approved w/Conditions**
Decision: **Council**

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

- 1 That a 6' chain link fence be located around the outdoor play area.
- 2 That the fencing around the outdoor play area be constructed with removable panels and gates to the satisfaction of the Development Officer in conjunction with the Fire Services Department.
- 3 That concrete barriers be installed on the north and northwest corner of the outdoor play area.
- 4 The suite number, being suite one (1) of the approved use shall be displayed on the front door of the main entrance to the approved use. The suite number shall be a minimum of 10cm tall and be installed prior to occupancy.
- 5 No storage or activity may be undertaken that would, in the opinion of the Development Officer; a) unduly interfere with the amenities of the district b) materially interfere with or affect the use, enjoyment or value of adjacent or nearby properties, or c) constitutes a danger or annoyance to persons on the Site, on a public property or on a site in the vicinity
- 6 Thirteen (13) onsite parking stalls shall be provided for the approved use.
- 7 A separate development permit will be required for any signage on the site or building, including portable signs.

AND

Council delegate authority to the Development Officers to administer the Land Use Bylaw with respect to enforcement of this proposed development and subsequent development permit applications for exterior signage.

Important Notices

- ✍ **THIS IS NOT A BUILDING PERMIT (must be obtained separately). A Building Permit may be required, please contact the Planning and Development Department for more information.**
- ✍ A person applying for, or in possession of a valid development permit is not relieved from full responsibility for ascertaining and complying with or carrying out development in accordance with the conditions of any covenant, caveat, easement, bylaw, regulation (municipal or provincial) or instrument affecting a building or land.
- ✍ Any development carried out prior to the appeal expiry date is at the sole risk of the applicant.
- ✍ If you wish to appeal the decision of the Development Officer, a completed form along with the appeal fee can be submitted in the following manner:

In person	By mail
City Hall 315 Jespersen Avenue Spruce Grove, AB	Clerk of the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board c/o City Clerk's Office City of Spruce Grove 315 Jespersen Avenue Spruce Grove, Alberta T7X 3E8

The request for appeal shall be submitted within the appeal expiry date.

For Information Purposes

1) POSTING OF THE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER'S DECISION

Where there is a right of appeal, by anyone other than the applicant, from a decision on an application, posting on the site may be required. Such a posting must be on the site as may be required by the Development Officer, describing the proposed development and the Development Officer's decision, and advising of the right of appeal to the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board. The notice shall be of durable material, and shall be at least one (1) foot by two (2) feet in size.

2) REFERENCES TO THE MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT ACT RSA 2000 Chapter M-26 AS AMENDED

Grounds for appeal

685(1) If a development authority

- (a) fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
- (b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
- (c) issues an order under section 645,

the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal the decision in accordance with subsection (2.1).

(1.1) A decision of a development authority must state whether an appeal lies to a subdivision and development appeal board or to the Land and Property Rights Tribunal.

(2) In addition to an applicant under subsection (1), any person affected by an order, decision or development permit made or issued by a development authority may appeal the decision in accordance with subsection (2.1).

(2.1) An appeal referred to in subsection (1) or (2) may be made

- (a) to the Land and Property Rights Tribunal
 - (i) unless otherwise provided in the regulations under section 694(1)(h.2)(i), where the land that is the subject of the application
 - (A) is within the Green Area as classified by the Minister responsible for the Public Lands Act,
 - (B) contains, is adjacent to or is within the prescribed distance of a highway, a body of water, a sewage treatment or waste management facility or a historical site,

(C) is the subject of a licence, permit, approval or other authorization granted by the Natural Resources Conservation Board, Energy Resources Conservation Board, Alberta Energy Regulator, Alberta Energy and Utilities Board or Alberta Utilities Commission, or

(D) is the subject of a licence, permit, approval or other authorization granted by the Minister of Environment and Parks,

or

(ii) in any other circumstances described in the regulations under section 694(1)(h.2)(ii),

or

(b) in all other cases, to the subdivision and development appeal board.

(3) Despite subsections (1) and (2), no appeal lies in respect of the issuance of a development permit for a permitted use unless the provisions of the land use bylaw were relaxed, varied or misinterpreted or the application for the development permit was deemed to be refused under section 683.1(8).

(4) Despite subsections (1), (2) and (3), if a decision with respect to a development permit application in respect of a direct control district

(a) is made by a council, there is no appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board, or

(b) is made by a development authority, the appeal is limited to whether the development authority followed the directions of council, and if the subdivision and development appeal board finds that the development authority did not follow the directions it may, in accordance with the directions, substitute its decision for the development authority's decision.

Appeals

686(1) A development appeal is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board hearing the appeal

(a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(1)

(i) with respect to an application for a development permit,

(A) within 21 days after the date on which the written decision is given under section 642, or

(B) if no decision is made with respect to the application within the 40-day period, or within any extension of that period under section 684, within 21 days after the date the period or extension expires,

or

(ii) with respect to an order under section 645, within 21 days after the date on which the order is made,

or

(b) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685(2), within 21 days after the date on which the notice of the issuance of the permit was given in accordance with the land use bylaw.

(1.1) Where a person files a notice of appeal with the wrong board, that board must refer the appeal to the appropriate board and the appropriate board must hear the appeal as if the notice of appeal had been filed with it and it is deemed to have received the notice of appeal from the applicant on the date it receives the notice of appeal from the first board, if

(a) in the case of a person referred to in subsection (1), the person files the notice with the wrong board within 21 days after receipt of the written decision or the deemed refusal, or

(b) in the case of a person referred to in subsection (2), the person files the notice with the wrong board within 21 days after the date on which the notice of the issuance of the permit was given in accordance with the land use bylaw.

(2) The board hearing an appeal referred to in subsection (1) must hold an appeal hearing within 30 days after receipt of a notice of appeal.

(3) The board hearing an appeal referred to in subsection (1) must give at least 5 days' notice in writing of the hearing

(a) to the appellant,

(b) to the development authority whose order, decision or development permit is the subject of the appeal, and

(c) to those owners required to be notified under the land use bylaw and any other person that the subdivision and development appeal board considers to be affected by the appeal and should be notified.

(4) The board hearing an appeal referred to in subsection (1) must make available for public inspection before the commencement of the hearing all relevant documents and materials respecting the appeal, including

(a) the application for the development permit, the decision and the notice of appeal, or

(b) the order under section 645.

(4.1) Subsections (1)(b) and (3)(c) do not apply to an appeal of a deemed refusal under section 683.1(8).

(5) In subsection (3), "owner" means the person shown as the owner of land on the assessment roll prepared under Part 9.

Hearing and decision

687(1) At a hearing under section 686, the board hearing the appeal must hear

- (a) the appellant or any person acting on behalf of the appellant,
- (b) the development authority from whose order, decision or development permit the appeal is made, or a person acting on behalf of the development authority,
- (c) any other person who was given notice of the hearing and who wishes to be heard, or a person acting on behalf of that person, and
- (d) any other person who claims to be affected by the order, decision or permit and that the subdivision and development appeal board agrees to hear, or a person acting on behalf of that person.

(2) The board hearing the appeal referred to in subsection (1) must give its decision in writing together with reasons for the decision within 15 days after concluding the hearing.

(3) In determining an appeal, the board hearing the appeal referred to in subsection (1)

- (a) repealed 2020 c39 s10(52);
- (a.1) must comply with any applicable land use policies;
- (a.2) subject to section 638, must comply with any applicable statutory plans;
- (a.3) subject to clauses (a.4) and (d), must comply with any land use bylaw in effect;
- (a.4) must comply with the applicable requirements of the regulations under the Gaming, Liquor and Cannabis Act respecting the location of premises described in a cannabis licence and distances between those premises and other premises;
- (b) must have regard to but is not bound by the subdivision and development regulations;
- (c) may confirm, revoke or vary the order, decision or development permit or any condition attached to any of them or make or substitute an order, decision or permit of its own;
- (d) may make an order or decision or issue or confirm the issue of a development permit even though the proposed development does not comply with the land use bylaw if, in its opinion,
 - (i) the proposed development would not
 - (A) unduly interfere with the amenities of the neighbourhood, or
 - (B) materially interfere with or affect the use, enjoyment or value of neighbouring parcels of land,and
 - (ii) the proposed development conforms with the use prescribed for that land or building in the land use bylaw.

(4) In the case of an appeal of the deemed refusal of an application under section 683.1(8), the board must determine whether the documents and information that the applicant provided met the requirements of section 683.1(2).

3) PERMIT VALIDITY

- (a) A development permit is effective for a period of one year from the date the Notice of Decision is given unless specified otherwise in the permit conditions. If the development permit cannot be fulfilled within the one year period an extension may be granted, by a Development Officer, if requested in writing prior to the expiry date and if substantial development has occurred on the site, in the opinion of the Development Officer.
- (b) A development once commenced is not to be discontinued or suspended for a period or periods totaling more than six months unless the Development Officer has notified the developer in writing that such discontinuance or suspension may be continued. If the notification of extension has not been obtained the development permit shall be considered to have lapsed.
- (c) In the case of an appeal the decision of the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board, to approve the development permit or amend any conditions, is effective for a period of one year from the date of the written notification. If the decision of the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board cannot be fulfilled within the one year period an extension may be granted, by a Development Officer, if requested in writing prior to the expiry date.